SMA Treatment Access and Clinical Trials Webinar

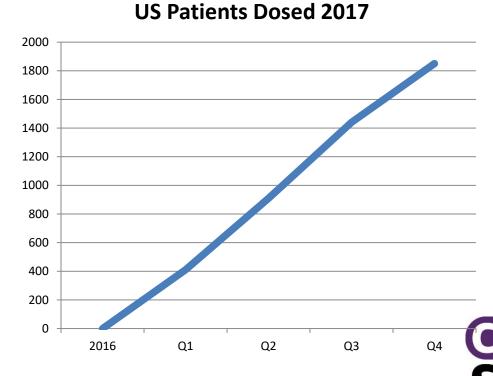
February 15, 2018



Treatment Access Update

Current Dosing Metrics

- December 2017:
 - ~1,900 patients been dosed in US
 - Including those in extension trials and support programs
 - Around 20% to 30% of all in US
- 215 sites have dosed at least one patient
- Average of 9 per site:
 - Mix of:
 - some very high
 - most very low
- 275 sites interested



Cure SMA List - New Sites

- Progress in first year:
 - <u>118 sites on list confirmed.</u> 35 states plus DC with at least one site

About 100 sites are dosing, but not ready to publicly announce yet



• Need 250-300 sites:

- Need to increase numbers of patients seen at each
- Funding to Support Treatment Access
 - Increase number of SMA patients seen, treated, and followed at major sites. One year of funding for \$50,000 for 14 sites.
- Training and Support for New Sites:
 - Bring into our community Clinical Conference

Pager	Type 0	Type I	Type II	Type III	Type IV	1 SMN2	2 SMN	2 3 SMN2	4 SMN2	Pediatr	ic Adult	Trach	Non-Invasive	Proportion:
Commercial		*********		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	O. C.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	D. AND ST. ST. ST.			100000000000000000000000000000000000000	***	7100 1978	A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A -	
Aetna	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Pale	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	.Dio	Yes	Yes	77%
Anthem	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Nio	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Uncertain	Yes	Yes	85%
Cigna	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Nic	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	85%
HCSC (BCBS	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Nici	Uncertain	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	77%
Humana	Yes	Yes	Uncertain	Ne	Ne	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Uncertain	Yes	Yes	77%
UnitedHealth	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Uncertain	Ne	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	77%
Medicaid	3 4													5.000
Arizona	N80	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Nic	No	62%
California	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Me	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	85%
Connecticut	Uncertain	Yes	Yes	Yes	Uncertain	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	77%
Delaware	Nio	Yes	Yes	Yes	Nic	Yes	Yes	Yes	Uncertain	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	85%
Florida	Nio	Yes	Yes	Uncertain	Nici	Nio	Yes	Yes	No.	Yes	Yes	Nio	Yes	62%
Georgia		Yes	Yes	Yes	Nie	Nic	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Nic	No	54%
Illinois		Yes	No	No	Nice	Yes	Yes	No	Ne	Yes	No	No	No	31%
Indiana	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Ne	Nic	Yes	Yes	Ne	Yes	Yes	No	No	54%
lowa	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	100%
Kansas	Uncertain	Yes	Yes	Yes	Uncertain	Uncertain	Yes	_Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	100%
Kentucky	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Mic	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	54%
Maryland	No	Yes	Ne	Ne	No	Mo	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NAO.	No	46%
Michigan	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Uncertain	No	Yes	69%
Minnesota	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes _	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	100%
Missouri	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Uncertain	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	85%
Montana	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Nic	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	85%
Nebraska	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Nio	Mo	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	69%
Nevada	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	100%
New Hampshi	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	85%
North Carolin	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Uncertain	Yes	Yes	100%
Ohio	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Nici	Mei	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Nic	No	54×
Oklahoma	Nie	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Nie	Yes	77%
Oregon	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	92%
Pennsylvania	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Mic	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	85%
South Dakota	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Nici	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Uncertain	No	No	54%
Texas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Nie	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Uncertain	Yes	Yes	92%
Vermont	No.	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Nie	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Ne	62%
Washington	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	100%
West Virginia	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	100%
Wisconsin	Nie	Yes	Yes	Yes	Mir	Diffe	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Min	Nic.	Nio	54%
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Proportion	33%	100%	94%	89%	31%	61%	1002	94%	78%	100	× 86×	56%	69%	



Coverage

- Close to 90% for:
 - Types I, II, III
 - 2 and 3 copies SMN2
 - Pediatric
- Right direction for:
 - 1 and 4 copies SMN2
 - Adult
 - Trach and Non-Invasive
- Restrictive for:
 - Types 0 and IV
- Restrictive States:
 - IL, MD, GA, IN, KY, OH, SD, WI
- More data needed:
 - Publications on existing data
 - Untested areas need to collect data
 - Adult and fusion/devices



Medicare Advocacy

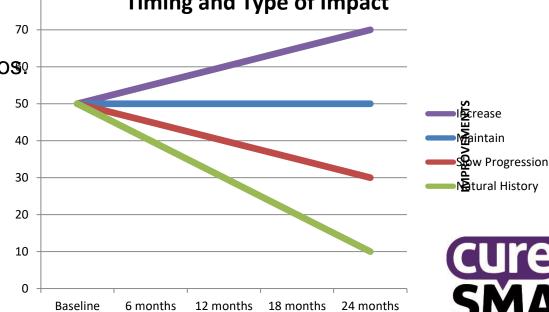
- Medicare's process for new drugs, like Spinraza, is different from Medicaid's approach.
 - Medicaid issues a policy up front that guides whether individual claims are approved or denied.
 - In Medicare, the process begins with individual claims being reviewed on a case-by-case basis until a consensus emerges. Once that happens, local policies are issued, potentially followed by a national policy.



Renewals Reauthorizations

- Drug is given enough time to work.
 - by building up the muscle over time
 - taking place over a year or two rather than months.
- The measurements of impact are being made as a comparison against what would have happened without the drug.
 - In SMA, patients decline and go downhill in their function over time
 - An impact from a drug is anything better than this.
 - Which could be improving (now going up) or maintaining (staying stable and keeping functions) or even a decline but at a slower than normal/usual/expected rate.

 Timing and Type of Impact
- Keep your own records notes and videos
- Annual membership update
- Ongoing proof:
 - 6 months to annually to longer
 - Real world data



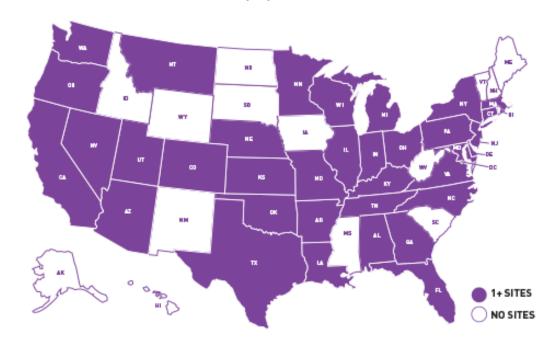
Cure SMA Resources

Cure SMA Spinraza Site List

118 confirmed sites

- Searchable by:
 - State
 - Pediatric/adult

STATES WITH 1+ SITE(S) ON THE CURE SMA LIST



www.cureSMA.org/spinraza/sites



Information on Specific Programs

- Resources for all drug programs that have reached the pivotal trial stage, or have been approved by the FDA. Includes:
 - Information about the treatment and how it works.
 - Current clinical trial information (for pivotal stage programs).
 - Dosing sites and access updates (for approved treatments).
 - Links to past announcements on the program.
 - Etc.



Information on Specific Programs

- Spinraza (Biogen)
 - www.cureSMA.org/spinraza
- AVXS-101 (AveXis)
 - www.cureSMA.org/avxs101
- RG7916/RO7034067 (Genentech/Roche)
 - www.cureSMA.org/rg7916



Insurance Coverage Resources

- Current policies for Spinraza:
 - Visit: www.cureSMA.org/spinraza
 - Find: Resources → Insurance Policies
- Choice and Connection to Care: A Health Insurance Roadmap for People Living with Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) and Their Caregivers
 - A Cure SMA care series booklet on navigating commercial and government health insurance options.
 - Visit: www.cureSMA.org/support-care/carepublications
- Know Your Resources: How Congressional Caseworkers Can Help You Obtain Insurance Coverage for New Therapies
 - Visit: www.curesma.org/news/congressionalcaseworkers-help.html



Other Resources

- List of currently recruiting trials:
 - www.cureSMA.org/currenttrials
- Resources on care and medical issues, for you and your doctor:
 - www.cureSMA.org/support-care



Current and Upcoming Clinical Trials

Current US Trials

A Study of CK-2127107 in Patients With Spinal Muscular Atrophy (Clinicaltrials.gov Identifier: NCT02644668)

- General Criteria*: Teens & adults 12 years of age or older (ambulatory and non-ambulatory) with SMA type
 II, III or IV.
- Phase: Phase 2, with 16 US sites

A Study to Investigate the Safety, Tolerability, Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Efficacy of RO7034067 in Infants with Type 1 Spinal Muscular Atrophy (Clinicaltrials.gov Identifier: NCT02913482)

- Also Known By: FIREFISH
- General Criteria*: Infants age 1-7 months with SMA type I.
- Phase: Phase 3 with three US sites in Palo Alto, Boston, and New York City.

A Study to Investigate the Safety, Tolerability, Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Efficacy of RO7034067 in Type 2 and 3 Spinal Muscular Atrophy Participants (Clinicaltrials.gov Identifier: NCT02908685)

- Also Known By: SUNFISH
- General Criteria*: Children, teens and adults age 2-25 with SMA type II or III.
- Phase: Phase 2, with no US site currently

A Study of RO7034067 in Adult and Pediatric Participants with Spinal Muscular Atrophy (Clinicaltrials.gov Identifier: NCT03032172)

- Also Known By: JEWELFISH
- General Criteria*: Children, teens and adults age 12-60 who have previously been exposed to an SMN2-targeting therapy.
- Phase: Phase 2, with site in New York City.

Current US Trials

Gene Replacement Therapy Clinical Trial for Patients With Spinal Muscular Atrophy Type 1 (STR1VE) (Clinicaltrials.gov Identifier: NCT03306277)

- General Criteria: 1 or 2 copies of SMN2, < 6 months (< 180 days) of age
- Patients must have a swallowing evaluation test performed prior to administration of gene replacement therapy
- Phase: Phase 3, for 15 patients at 16 sites in the US

Study of Intrathecal Administration of AVXS-101 for Spinal Muscular Atrophy (STRONG) (Clinicaltrials.gov Identifier: NCT03381729)

- Up to 60 months of age and three copies of SMN2 and symptoms < 12 months of age
- Sit independently and not standing or walking independently
- Phase: Phase for 27 subjects at 11 sites in the US



Planned Studies, Not Yet Open

Scholar Rock

- SRK-015 (myostatin inhibitor) to improve muscle strength
- Safety trial on health volunteers by Q2 2018
- Proposed patient trials for SMA patients who are on therapies to up-regulating SMN levels and as monotherapy in certain populations.

sTR1VE EU

- AVXS gene therapy
- European version of current US pivotal trial that is currently enrolling

SPRINT (pre-symptomatic trial)

- AVXS gene therapy with one-time IV infusion
- Multi-national trial by Q2 2018 in pre-symptomatic patients with SMA Types 1, 2, 3
- 44 patients with 2, 3, and 4 copies of SMN2, less than six weeks of age and presymptomatic

REACH (broad enrollment)

- AVXS gene therapy with one-time IT injection.
- Multi-national trial expected in late 2018 or early 2019 in SMA Types 1, 2 and 3
- 50 patients with SMA Types 1, 2 and 3, between six months and 18 years of age



Considerations to be Discussed with Neurologist on Approved Treatment vs. Trials

- Evaluate available safety and efficacy data
- Evaluate possibility of placebo
 - Small molecule versus other drug modality
 - Type I enrollment versus other SMA types
- Evaluate route and timing of administration
- Understand inclusion and exclusion criteria
- Determine whether previous drug exposure allowed and when
 - Most trials today will prohibit co-utilization with Spinraza
 - Particularly if another SMN enhancer
 - Increased motor function must be detected for approval and much harder when on another SMN enhancer



Considerations to be Discussed with Neurologist on Approved Treatment vs. Trials

- Recommended not to wait for future trials to open, if other options available now
 - Delays in opening trials are common and can't be predicated
 - Changes in inclusion and exclusion are common until formally announced
 - Earliest possible administration of SMN enhancing drugs yield best results

Timing is one of biggest factor in degree of response to SMN!



Combination Therapies: Strategic Goal at Cure SMA

- Develop combination therapies for maximally effective treatments for all types and stages of SMA
 - Identify non-SMN drug targets for combination therapies
 - Test efficacy of combinations
 - SMN2 splicing, SMN promoter, SMN stability, SMN replacement, muscle strength, motor neuron function
- Optimizing SMN enhancing therapies: second in class drugs
 - Identify tissues for SMN up-regulation (neuronal versus non-neuronal)
 - Determine how SMN levels are controlled to exploit for 2nd generation drugs
 - Determine the window of benefit for SMN in different SMA types
- Current RFPs in basic & translational research geared to these goals



Considerations for Combination Therapies: Combinations Must be Chosen Carefully

General

- Are they safe when used together?
- Does the benefit of using together outweigh the risk?
- Do they result in additive clinical benefit?
- Does one reduce efficacy or drug availability of other?
- Can they readily be co-administered?

Combining Two SMN Enhancers

- Are SMN levels increased together over either drug alone?
- Do they work by different biological mechanisms?
- Do they target different tissues, resulting in SMN enhancement in a broader distribution of cell types together than either alone?
- Do they provide longer duration of effect together than alone?
- If not yes to one, utility of the particular combination is unlikely.
- Readouts in trials with two combination therapies more challenging.



Importance of Clinical Care

Clinical Care

- Continue care basics
 - Optimize respiratory care and support
 - Do not stop what has worked
 - Optimize nutrition and weight
 - Some centers are reporting a need for more protein intake with Spinraza therapy.
 - Please work with your dietician
- Pursue physical and occupational therapy
 - Goals:
 - Optimize impact of new treatments
 - Optimize function
 - Optimize independence



Clinical Care

- Illness Considerations
 - Avoid others who are ill
 - Good handwashing
 - Get influenza vaccine every year
 - Keep routine immunizations up to date
 - Have an illness plan with your doctor
 - Optimize secretion clearance and coughing
 - Optimize fluid intake



Q & A

For More Information

- A copy of this slide deck will be sent out after webinar
 - This email also includes a survey
- Slide deck and recording posted in our news section during the next week (www.cureSMA.org/news)
- Email info@curesma.org
- Call 800.886.1762

